



The International Benchmarking Code of Conduct

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Introduction

Benchmarking – the process of identifying and learning from best practices in other organizations – is a powerful tool in the quest for continuous improvement and performance breakthroughs.

The authors and sponsors have produced this International Code of Conduct to guide benchmarking encounters and to advance the professionalism and effectiveness of benchmarking world-wide. It is closely based on the widely used APQC/SPI Code of Conduct promoted by the International Benchmarking Clearinghouse, and the authors gratefully acknowledge this source. The wording has been modified to take into account the rules of international competition law. The layout and presentation have been modified to provide a more positive chronological approach. Adherence to this Code will contribute to efficient, effective and ethical benchmarking.

Code of Conduct

1.0 Principle of Preparation

- 1.1 Demonstrate commitment to the efficiency and effectiveness of benchmarking by being prepared prior to making an initial benchmarking contact.
- 1.2 Make the most of your benchmarking partner's time by being fully prepared for each exchange.
- 1.3 Help your benchmarking partners prepare by providing them with a questionnaire and agenda prior to benchmarking visits.
- 1.4 Before any benchmarking contact, especially the sending of questionnaires, take legal advice.

2.0 Principle of Contact

- 2.1 Respect the corporate culture of partner organizations and work within mutually agreed procedures.
- 2.2 Use benchmarking contacts, designated by the partner organization if that is its preferred procedure.
- 2.3 Agree with the designated benchmarking contact how far communication or responsibility is to be delegated in the course of the benchmarking exercise. Check mutual understanding.
- 2.4 Obtain an individual's permission before providing their name in response to a contact request.
- 2.5 Avoid communicating a contact's name in open forum without the contact's prior permission.

3.0 Principle of Exchange

- 3.1 Be willing to provide the same type and level of information that you request from your benchmarking partner to your benchmarking partner, provided that the principle of legality is observed.
- 3.2 Communicate fully and early in the relationship to clarify expectations, avoid misunderstanding, and establish mutual interest in the benchmarking exchange.
- 3.3 Be honest and complete.

4.0 Principle of Confidentiality

- 4.1 Treat benchmarking findings as confidential to the individuals and organizations involved. Such information must not be communicated to third parties without the prior consent of the benchmarking partner who shared the information. When seeking prior consent, make sure that you specify clearly what information is to be shared, and with whom.
- 4.2 An organization's participation in a study is confidential and should not be communicated externally without their prior permission.

5.0 Principle of Use

- 5.1 Use information obtained through benchmarking only for purposes stated to and agreed with the benchmarking partner.
- 5.2 The use or communication of a benchmarking partner's name with the data obtained or the practices observed requires the prior permission of that partner.
- 5.3 Contact lists or other contact information provided by benchmarking networks in any form may not be used for purposes other than benchmarking.

6.0 Principle of Legality

- 6.1 If there is any potential question on the legality of an activity, you should take legal advice.
- 6.2 Avoid discussions or actions that could lead to or imply an interest in restraint of trade, market and/or customer allocation schemes, price fixing, bid rigging, bribery or any other anti-competitive practices. Don't discuss your pricing policy with competitors.
- 6.3 Refrain from the acquisition of information by any means that could be interpreted as improper including the breach, or inducement of a breach, of any duty to maintain confidentiality.
- 6.4 Do not disclose or use any confidential information that may have been obtained through improper means, or that was disclosed by another in violation of a duty of confidentiality.
- 6.5 Do not, as a consultant, client or otherwise pass on benchmarking findings to another organization without first getting the permission of your benchmarking partner and without first ensuring that the data is appropriately "blinded" and anonymous so that the participants' identities are protected.

7.0 Principle of Completion

- 7.1 Follow through each commitment made to your benchmarking partner in a timely manner.
- 7.2 Endeavor to complete each benchmarking study to the satisfaction of all benchmarking partners as mutually agreed.

8.0 Principle of Understanding and Agreement

- 8.1 Understand how your benchmarking partner would like to be treated, and treat them in that way.
- 8.2 Agree how your partner expects you to use the information provided, and do not use it in any way that would break that agreement.

Benchmarking Protocol

Benchmarkers

- Know and abide by the International Benchmarking Code of Conduct.
- Have basic knowledge of benchmarking and follow a benchmarking process.
- Should have:
 - Determined what to benchmark
 - Identified key performance variables to study
 - Recognized superior performing organizations
 - Completed a rigorous internal analysis of the process to be benchmarked before initiating contact with potential benchmarking partners.
- Prepare a questionnaire and interview guide, and share these in advance if requested.
- Possess the authority to share and are willing to share information with benchmarking partners.
- Work through a specified contact and mutually agreed arrangements.

When the benchmarking process proceeds to a face-to-face site visit, the following behaviours are encouraged:

- Provide meeting agenda in advance.
- Be professional, honest, courteous and prompt.
- Introduce all attendees and explain why they are present.
- Adhere to the agenda.
- Use language that is universal, not one's own jargon.
- Be sure that neither party is sharing proprietary or confidential information unless prior approval has been obtained by both parties, from the proper authority.
- Share information about your own process, and, if asked, consider sharing study results.
- Offer to facilitate a future reciprocal visit.
- Conclude meetings and visits on schedule.
- Thank your benchmarking partner for sharing their process.

Important Notice

This Code of Conduct is not a legal document. Though all due care has been taken in its preparation, the authors and sponsors will not be held responsible for any legal or other action resulting directly or indirectly from adherence to this Code of Conduct. It is for guidance only and does not imply protection or immunity from the law.

Authors

This International Code of Conduct has been developed to meet the needs of the global benchmarking community while complying with European and other regional legal requirements. It is derived from the European Code of Conduct for Benchmarking, which was itself derived from the APQC/SPI Code of Conduct. It is the result of a consultation and development process coordinated by the Performance Improvement Group with the help of the EuroCode Working Group. This group comprises senior benchmarking managers and legal representatives from the following organizations:

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- DTI (UK)
- EFQM
- IFS International
- KPMG Peat Marwick (USA)
- Shell International
- Siemens
- The Benchmark Network (UK)
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